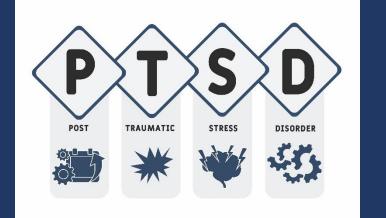


# <u>June 2023:</u> <u>The Facts About PTSD</u>





# "The human capacity to carry trauma is immense, and so is its potential for healing." - Bessel van der Kolk

Welcome to the May **2023 edition of TotalWellbeing**, your guide to the <u>8</u> <u>dimensions of wellbeing</u>. This month we are looking at Post Traumatic Stress Syndrome (PTSD) and the affect it can have on one's life and the lives of those around a person who suffers from PTSD including what PTSD is, what causes it, symptoms of PTSD, how it is treated, and more.

Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) is a mental health condition that can develop in individuals who have experienced or witnessed a traumatic event. It can affect anyone, regardless of age, gender, or background. PTSD is characterized by a range of symptoms that can significantly impact a person's daily life. These symptoms may include intrusive memories or flashbacks of the traumatic event, nightmares, severe anxiety, emotional distress, avoidance of triggers associated with the trauma, and hypervigilance. It's important to understand that PTSD is not a sign of weakness, but rather a natural response to an overwhelmingly distressing situation.

Recovery from PTSD is possible with appropriate treatment and support. Therapeutic approaches such as cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT), exposure therapy, and eye movement desensitization and reprocessing (EMDR) have shown effectiveness in helping individuals manage their symptoms and regain control over their lives. Self-care practices, including regular exercise, healthy sleep patterns, and engaging in activities that promote relaxation and well-being, can also contribute to the healing process. Furthermore, building a strong support network and seeking assistance from mental health professionals and support organizations This Month's Focus

Free Webinar:

PTSD: Let's Get the Facts

MINESblog:

New to TW? Check out our past Blogs!

<u>Mental Health</u> <u>Awareness Month –</u> <u>Everyday Tips</u>

<u>"How Do I Know If I Have</u> <u>Anxiety?" & Answers to</u> <u>More of Your Questions</u> <u>About Anxiety</u>

<u>3 Mind-Body Practices</u> <u>You Can Use in the</u> <u>Workplace</u>

Important Links

MINES and Associates

Current Training Catalog

**Balanced Living Magazine** 

<u>LinkedIn</u>

**MINES** Archives

Contact Us

Email MINES

can provide valuable guidance and understanding on the journey to recovery from PTSD. By increasing awareness, fostering empathy, and providing resources, we can create a more compassionate environment for individuals affected by PTSD and support them on their path toward healing and resilience.

Remember that if you or a loved one struggles with trauma or PTSD, you are not alone. Your EAP through MINES offers free and confidential counseling with experienced counselors. Don't wait to ask for help, call or log in today to get connected to services. Plus, an online resource library full of proactive self-help tools! Visit PersonalAdvantage for helpful articles, personal development tools, a free mindfulness app, and more!

To your total wellbeing, The MINES Team

# NEW! Peer Support Now Available!

We are excited to announce that starting June 1st as part of you MINES EAP benefits, you will have access to live peer to peer support services. Supportiv is now available 24-7-365 to all employees and household members as live, small group peer-to-peer chats across all topics. Answer just one question: "What's your struggle?" and you'll be instantly matched with the right peers who really get it, and a trained moderator to keep the conversation flowing. Chat as long as you want, until you feel better.

You'll find Supportiv on the MINJES website. Or, go to www.supportiv.com/mines and click "Chat Now" to connect with peers right away, around-the-clock.

# Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder

## What is PTSD?

You may have posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD) if you've been through a traumatic event and are having trouble dealing with it. While it is normal to have some anxiety after a traumatic event, it often goes away in time. But with PTSD, the anxiety is more intense, and the trauma is relived through nightmares, intrusive memories, and flashbacks. These can be vivid memories that seem real. The symptoms of PTSD can cause problems with relationships and make it hard to cope with daily life. But it can be treated. With help, you can feel better.

# What Causes PTSD?

PTSD may be triggered by something that:

- Happened to you
- Happened to someone close to you
- You saw

Examples include:

- Serious accidents, such as car or train wrecks
- Natural disasters, such as floods or earthquakes
- Manmade tragedies, such as bombings, a plane crash, a shooting
- Violent personal attacks, such as a mugging, rape, torture, being held captive, or kidnapping
- Military combat
- Abuse in childhood or adulthood

#### Who Is at Risk of PTSD?

There are many risk factors for having PTSD. Recognizing and addressing them can help prevent PTSD, when possible. These risk factors include:

- Lack of family or social support resources
- Repeated exposure to traumatic circumstances
- Personal history of trauma or of an acute stress or anxiety disorder
- Family history of mental health disorders
- Personality traits of vulnerability and a lack of resilience
- History of childhood trauma
- Personality disorder or traits including borderline personality disorder, paranoia, dependency, or antisocial tendencies

#### What are the symptoms of PTSD?

Symptoms of PTSD last more than a month. They may include:

- Unwanted or intense memories of a trauma
- Nightmares
- Vivid memories or flashbacks that make you feel like you're reliving the event
- Feeling worried, fearful, anxious, or suspicious
- Strong reactions when you're reminded of the trauma (or sometimes for no obvious reason at all)
- Intrusive thoughts about combat, death, or killing
- Feeling disconnected or isolated, as if you're not yourself
- Loss of interest in things you once enjoyed
- Feeling agitated, tense, on edge, or easily startled
- Bursts of anger or irritation
- Problems focusing
- Trouble falling or staying asleep

The symptoms of PTSD may look like other mental health conditions. Always see your healthcare provider for a diagnosis.

#### How Is PTSD Diagnosed?

Not every person who goes through trauma gets PTSD, or has symptoms at all. PTSD is diagnosed if your symptoms last more than 1 month. Symptoms often begin within 3 months of the trauma. But they can also start months or years later. How long this illness lasts varies. Some people recover within 6 months. Others have symptoms that last much longer.

### How Is PTSD Treated?

Treatment will depend on your symptoms, age, and general health. It will also depend on how severe the condition is.

You may think that asking for help is a sign of weakness. In fact, taking action to make your life better takes a lot of courage. Talking about a trauma can be hard. But it can make a big difference. The main treatment for PTSD is counseling. You'll work with a trained therapist to learn new ways to cope with your experiences. Medicine may also be prescribed to help with anxiety, depression, or sleep. Most people with PTSD have a combination of counseling and medicine for treatment.

# **Types of Counseling**

Counseling is done in a safe environment, either one-on-one or in a group. Group therapy is often done with other people who have been through similar events. PTSD is often treated with 1 or more of the following forms of counseling. Talk with your healthcare provider about your options so you can decide on a counseling format that works for you.

- Cognitive processing therapy (CPT). This type of therapy helps you cope with negative thoughts linked to the trauma. You'll work with a therapist to better understand how you think and feel about what happened. And you'll learn skills to help you cope with the trauma. CPT won't make you forget about what happened. But it can make the memories easier to live with.
- Prolonged exposure therapy. This helps you deal with thoughts and situations related to the trauma in new ways. You'll learn breathing and relaxation methods to calm yourself when you come into contact with triggers. With your therapist's help, you may go into situations that remind you of the trauma. You'll learn to reduce your reactions over time. This can help with avoidance. You'll also talk about the trauma to help you gain control over how you think and feel about it.
- Other therapies. Other therapies for PTSD include coping skills training, acceptance and commitment training, eye movement desensitization and reprocessing (EMDR), family counseling, and PTSD psychoeducation.

## **Key Points About PTSD**

 Posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD) is a mental health condition in which a person has experienced a traumatic event that causes long-term stress.

<ul> <li>PTSD may be triggered by a traumatic event that happened to</li> </ul>	
the person or someone close to them. Or it may be something	
that the person saw.	
<ul> <li>PTSD can occur in children and adults.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>The person may have flashbacks, stay away from stressful</li> </ul>	
situations, or withdraw emotionally.	
• Diagnosis is made by a healthcare provider when the symptoms	
last longer than 1 month.	
• Treatment involves medicine and therapy to decrease the	
emotional effects of the disorder and increase coping skills.	
Next Steps	
Tips to help you get the most from a visit to your healthcare provider:	
<ul> <li>Know the reason for your visit and what you want to happen.</li> </ul>	
• Before your visit, write down questions you want answered.	
<ul> <li>Bring someone with you to help you ask questions and</li> </ul>	
remember what your healthcare provider tells you.	
• At the visit, write down the name of a new diagnosis, and any	
new medicines, treatments, or tests. Also write down any new	
instructions your healthcare provider gives you.	
• Know why a new medicine or treatment is prescribed, and how it	
will help you. Also know what the side effects are.	
<ul> <li>Ask if your condition can be treated in other ways.</li> </ul>	
• Know why a test or procedure is recommended and what the	
results could mean.	
• Know what to expect if you do not take the medicine or have the	
test or procedure.	
• If you have a follow-up appointment, write down the date, time,	
and purpose for that visit.	
<ul> <li>Know how you can contact your healthcare provider if you have</li> </ul>	
questions.	
Remember that if you or a loved one struggles with trauma or PTSD, you	
are not alone. Your EAP through MINES offers free and confidential	
counseling with experienced counselors. Don't wait to ask for help, call	
or log in today to get connected to services.	
If you or a member of your household needs assistance or auidance or	n any of these wellbeing

If you or a member of your household needs assistance or guidance on any of these wellbeing topics, please call MINES & Associates, your EAP, today for free, confidential, 24/7 assistance at 800.873.7138.

To access past issues of *TotalWellbeing* please visit our newsletters page. This newsletter is aimed at providing helpful information about various aspects of your wellbeing and then connecting it all back to important and relevant parts of everyday life. If you have any thoughts, questions, or content you would like to see covered here please get in contact with us. You can email us directly by clicking here.

MINES does not warrant the materials (Audio, Video, Text, Applications, or any other form of media or links) included in this communication have any connection to MINES & Associates, nor does MINES seek to endorse any entity by including these materials in this communication. MINES accepts no liability for the consequences of any actions taken on the basis of the information provided herein, nor any additional content that may be made available through any third-party site. We found them helpful and hope you do too! To unsubscribe from this monthly newsletter, click here.